

<b>Israel's Liturgical and Civil Calendar</b>	<b>Liturgical Year Order</b>	<b>Civil Year Order</b>	<b>Modern Equivalent</b>	<b>Agricultural Season</b>
<b>Abib (Nisan)</b>	1	7	March / April	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bread Holy Week</li> <li>• Spring Equinox 15<sup>th</sup></li> <li>• The "Latter Rains" and Flood Season</li> <li>• Beginning of barley / flax harvest</li> </ul>
<b>Ziv (Iyyar)</b>	2	8	April / May	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dry Season</li> <li>• Apricots ripen</li> </ul>
<b>Sivan</b>	3	9	May / June	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wheat harvest</li> <li>• Dry winds</li> <li>• Early fig harvest</li> <li>• Grapes ripen</li> </ul>
<b>Tammuz</b>	4	10	June / July	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hot, dry season</li> <li>• Grape harvest</li> </ul>
<b>Ab</b>	5	11	July / August	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hot</li> <li>• Olive harvest</li> </ul>
<b>Elul</b>	6	12	August / Sept.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dates</li> <li>• Summer Figs</li> </ul>
<b>Ethanim (Tishri)</b>	7	1	Sept. / October	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fall Equinox 15<sup>th</sup></li> <li>• "Former (early) Rains"</li> <li>• Plowing / Seeding time</li> </ul>
<b>Bul (Heshvan)</b>	8	2	October / Nov.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rains</li> <li>• Winter figs</li> <li>• Wheat / barley sown</li> </ul>
<b>Chislev</b>	9	3	Nov. / December	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Winter begins</li> </ul>
<b>Tebeth</b>	10	4	December / Jan.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Coldest month</li> <li>• Rains / snow in mountains</li> </ul>
<b>Sebat</b>	11	5	Jan. / February	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Growing warmer</li> <li>• Almond trees in bloom</li> </ul>
<b>Adar</b>	12	6	February / March	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spring</li> <li>• "Latter Rains" begin</li> <li>• Citrus fruit harvest</li> </ul>